

LACET HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.

Frequently Asked Questions for Unit Owners

Living in Lacet Homeowners' Association, Inc. (“Association”) can and should be a great experience. After all, it’s your home. Unfortunately, this experience can be blemished by not having a basic understanding of the contents of key governing documents under which the Association is required to operate.

The purpose of this Frequently Asked Questions (“FAQ”) is to direct your attention to key provisions of the Bylaws and Declaration of Covenants, Conditions & Restrictions of the Association that are commonly overlooked, misunderstood or simply forgotten. By having a working knowledge of these provisions, you will do your part to make the Association a great place to live and to maintain and enhance property values.

The Bylaws that are referenced in this FAQ were adopted by the Association on October 28, 1993. The Declaration of Protective Covenants of Lacet Subdivision (“Declaration”) was recorded with the Clerk and Recorder of Pitkin County on November 4, 1993 at Reception Number: 362886 in Book 729 at Page 457. Since the Bylaws and Declaration may have been amended since the date this FAQ was drafted, please ask the Board of Directors of the Association whether either of these documents have been amended and review the amendments to determine whether the provisions referenced in the FAQ have changed.

You should also be aware that the Board of Directors has the ability to create reasonable rules and regulations for the Association that are not inconsistent with the Declaration. It is highly recommended that you obtain and review a copy of any rules and regulations in order to comply with them.

Obligation to Pay Assessments

Q: Am I required to pay assessments to the Association?

A: Yes. The Declaration at Section 6.1 requires every owner of a unit in the Association to pay assessments. The assessment provisions in Article 6 of the Declaration also outline the purpose of the assessments and the steps the Association may take to collect delinquent assessments.

Assessments, also commonly referred to as *dues*, are essential to the operation of the Association. If owners are not diligent about paying their assessments in a timely manner, the Board of Directors may not have the funds necessary to carry out their responsibility to provide essential services to owners and to maintain and operate the Association.

Tips Regarding Assessments:

- If you do not believe you have received notice from the Association on when your assessments are due, the amount of the assessments, and the method you should utilize to pay them – don’t wait for your Association to provide you with this information. Instead, *be proactive* in obtaining this information so you will not run the risk of becoming delinquent. Failure to receive this information from the Association does not extinguish your obligation under the Declaration to pay assessments.
- If you experience a major life event (e.g. loss of a job, catastrophic illness, etc.) that makes it difficult for you to pay your assessments in full or in a timely manner – share this information with the Board of Directors as quickly as possible. Have a dialogue with your Board about making alternate payment arrangements until you are on your feet again.

- It is important to understand that it is the fiduciary duty of the Board of Directors of the Association to collect assessments. Any legal steps the Board takes to collect delinquent assessments consistent with Declaration or Colorado law, are not intended to be a personal attack. Instead, the Board is fulfilling its legal duty to the Association. You should also be aware that if the Board is forced to take legal action to collect assessments, the delinquent homeowner will ultimately be required to pay the Association's legal fees.

- You should be aware that the Aspen Pitkin County Housing Authority may also be empowered to take action against owners who do not pay their assessments. To learn more about the authority of APCHA relating to assessment delinquencies, please call 970-920-5050 or visit the following website: <http://www.aspenhousingoffice.com/>.

Insurance Obligations of the Association and Unit Owner

Q: Is the Association required to insure any portion of my unit?

A: The Declaration outlines the responsibilities of the Association *and* owners to insure portions of individual units and any common areas of the Association. If the Declaration does not specifically outline the responsibility of the Association to insure any portion of your unit, you can safely assume the insurance responsibility for the unit rests with you. The Declaration for your Association does not address the issue of insurance.

Tips Regarding Insurance:

- Under no circumstances is the Association required to insure the contents of your home. As a result, in addition to any other insurance coverage you are required to maintain under the Declaration or your mortgage, make sure you carry an HO-6 policy that includes the following four basic coverages: unit coverage, personal property coverage, liability coverage and loss assessment.

- If you are unsure – or if the Declaration is unclear – about the insurance coverage homeowners are required to maintain, it's smart to work with an insurance professional to ensure you are carrying adequate coverage. It's not the responsibility of the Association to ensure that owners carry appropriate insurance coverage.

Maintenance Obligations of the Association and Unit Owner

Q: Is the Association required to maintain any portion of my unit?

A: The Declaration outlines the responsibilities of the Association *and* owners to maintain portions of individual units and any common areas of the Association. If the Declaration does not specifically outline the responsibility of the Association to maintain any portion of your unit, you can safely assume the maintenance responsibility for the unit rests with you. You should carefully review the following provisions of the Declaration to determine the maintenance responsibilities of the Association and unit owners: Sections 6.5 (Owner's Failure to Maintain Lot) and Article 7 (Maintenance, Repair and Replacement).

In particular, Article 7, Section 7.1 of the Declaration provides that the Association “shall be responsible for the maintenance and repair and replacement (including removal of snow, leaves and debris) of all of the General and Limited Common Elements, all in accordance with the standards set by the Board. The Association may delegate to the Owner of any Lot to which a Limited Common Element is attributable, the responsibility for that Owner to maintain, repair or replace the specified Limited Common Elements.”

Since the Declaration of your Association is silent in designating the General Common Elements, the Colorado Common Interest Ownership Act is controlling and defines Common Elements as “any real estate within a planned community owned or leased by the association, other than a unit.”

Note: The specific items outlined may not include all of the maintenance requirements for the Association. Further, these requirements may change by amendment of the Declaration. You should carefully review the Declaration and amendments to determine the full maintenance, repair and replacement responsibilities of the Association and owners.

Tips Regarding Maintenance:

- It is essential to comply with any maintenance obligations required by the Declaration. Failure to comply with these maintenance obligations constitutes a covenant violation which may result in you being subjected to a fine by the Association.
- By fulfilling your maintenance obligations, you are doing your part to ensure the property values of the Association are maintained and even enhanced.

Use of Common Areas

Q: Is it true that in some cases only designated homeowners are able to use specified portions of the common areas?

A: Sometimes. The declaration of an association will describe what areas are common areas (sometimes referred to as common elements) which are generally designated for use by all of the residents of the association. In some cases, a declaration will define certain property as “limited common area” or “limited common element” which can be utilized only by specified individuals. For instance in a condominium association, a balcony may be defined as limited common area which is for the exclusive use of the residents of that particular condominium unit.

To determine what is defined as common area or limited common area in your Association, please review the following provisions of the Declaration:

Common Area: Section 7.1 (General and Limited Common Elements). Generally, the Common Elements are all portions of the community other than the Units; however, there are no specific General Common Elements designated in your Declaration.

Since the Declaration of your Association is silent in designating the General Common Elements, the Colorado Common Interest Ownership Act is controlling and defines Common Elements as “any real estate within a planned community owned or leased by the association, other than a unit.”

Limited Common Area: Article 5 (Limited Common Elements), Section 7.1 (General and Limited Common Elements), and Section 10.4 (Limited Common Element). Limited Common Elements generally consist of those portions of the Common Elements designated for the exclusive use of Owners of particular Units; however, there are no specific Limited Common Elements designated in your Declaration.

Tips Regarding Use of Common Area:

- Since common area is for the use of all of the residents of the Association, do not place anything permanently or semi-permanently on the common area without first obtaining permission from the Board of Directors.
- Check with the Board of Directors to find out whether – in addition to the use restrictions in the Declaration – there are any rules or regulations addressing the use of the common areas.
- If you have exclusive use of a limited common area, review the Declaration for any guidelines that may regulate your use.

Use Restrictions

Q: Are there any use restrictions that I need to be aware of?

A: Yes. The Association you live in is a covenant-controlled community. That means there are some activities that are regulated by the Association. Activities commonly regulated by associations pertain to pets, parking, and landscaping – to name a few.

The Declaration outlines the use restrictions of this Association at Articles 10 and 12. Here is list of all of the items addressed in the use restriction section of the Declaration:

- 1. Use and Occupancy Restrictions**
- 2. Nuisances and Negligence**
- 3. Eyesores and Fire Restrictions**
- 4. Limited Common Elements**
- 5. Structural Integrity**
- 6. Enforcement**
- 7. Definitions and Restrictions (Section 12.2)**

Tips Regarding Use Restrictions:

- If you are unsure whether an action you are planning to take may violate a use restriction, contact the Board of Directors for guidance prior to acting.
- Violation of a use restriction may ultimately subject you to a fine from the Association.
- In addition to the use restrictions in the Declaration, contact the Board of Directors to determine whether there are any other rules or regulations you should be aware of.

Reserve Account Requirements

Q: Is my Association required to have a reserve account?

A: The declarations of many associations require the board of the association to create and contribute funds to a reserve account. As a general rule, reserve accounts are created for the purpose of saving the funds necessary to be utilized at a later date for the repair and replacement of physical assets of the association. For instance, an association may make contributions to a reserve account for the purpose of replacing asphalt on a periodic basis. The physical assets that an association is responsible for repairing or replacing are typically outlined in the declaration of each association.

The issue of reserves is addressed in the Declaration of this Association at: None. However, under Colorado Law, your Association is required to adopt a policy that addresses reserves.

Board Authority

Q: What authority does the Board of Directors of this Association have?

A: In addition to the authority granted to the boards of associations under Colorado law, the powers of boards are typically found in the bylaws. As a general rule, association boards are granted the broad authority to carry out the operations and management of the association they serve. The authority of the Board of Directors of this Association is found in the Bylaws at Article 2, Section 2.2.

This FAQ is intended to provide you with a broad overview of just a few of the items in the Declaration and Bylaws that you should be familiar with. It is highly recommended that you review the Declaration and Bylaws to gain a more comprehensive view of the governance and operations of the Association and how this affects you – an owner of a unit in the Association.